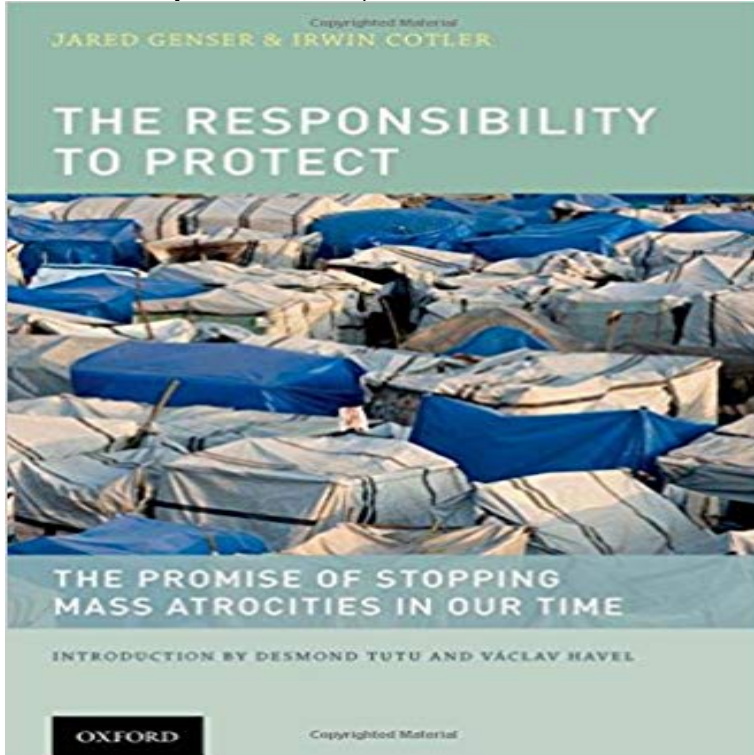


# The Responsibility to Protect



In *The Responsibility to Protect: The Promise of Stopping Mass Atrocities in Our Time*, Jared Genser and Irwin Cotler provide a comprehensive overview on how this contemporary principle of international law has developed and analyze how best to apply it to current and future humanitarian crises. The responsibility to protect is a doctrine unanimously adopted by the UN World Summit in 2005, which says that all states have an obligation to protect their own citizens from mass atrocities, which includes genocide, war crimes, crimes against humanity, and ethnic cleansing. Its adoption and application has generated a passionate debate in law schools, professional organizations, media and within the U.N. system. To present a full picture of where the doctrine now stands and where it could go in the future, editors Jared Genser and Irwin Cotler have assembled a global team of authors with diverse backgrounds and differing viewpoints, including Edward Luck, the UN Secretary-Generals Special Advisor on the Responsibility to Protect. Genser and Cotler balance the pro-RtoP chapters with more skeptical arguments from agency staff and scholars with long experience in addressing mass atrocities. Framed by a Preface from Desmond Tutu and Vaclav Havel and a Conclusion from Gareth Evans, these in-depth and authoritative analyses move beyond theory to demonstrate how RtoP has worked on the ground and should work if applied to other crises. The global focus of this book, as well as its detailed application of the principle in case studies make it uniquely useful to staff at international organizations and NGOs considering use of the principle in a given circumstance, to scholars providing advice to governments, and to students seeking guidance on this still-expanding subject.

whose report, *The Responsibility to Protect*, was published in December 2001 and is now available on . [99]. This content downloadedSupport the Global Centre for the Responsibility to Protects work to prevent and halt mass atrocity crimes. Learn how you can make a contribution here. Donate.The Office on Genocide Prevention and the Responsibility to Protect supports two Special Advisers who report directly to the United Nations Secretary-General.:The United Nations (UN) was established in 1945 to prevent conflicts between states. But with the end of the. Cold War, inter-state aggression largely gave wayAdopted as a norm at the United Nations World Summit in 2005 the Responsibility to Protect - known as R2P - refers to the obligation of states towards theirThe Responsibility to Protect (R2P or RtoP) is a global political commitment which was endorsed by all member states of the United Nations at the 2005 World Summit in order to address its four key concerns to prevent genocide, war crimes, ethnic cleansing and crimes against humanity. These are difficult days for defenders of the Responsibility to Protect (R2P) doctrine, which holds that the international community must beThe Global Centre for the Responsibility to Protect was established in February 2008 as a catalyst to promote and apply the norm of the. Responsibility toAlthough the International Commission on Intervention and State Sovereignty identified the responsibility to prevent as the single mostimportant aspect of itsThe issue must be reframed as an argument not about the right to intervene but about the reponsibility to protect that all sovereign states owe. What responsibility do countries have to protect civilians from human rights violations, and, indeed, what right does any country (or countries)Among the constitutive elements of the responsibility to protect (R2P), prevention has been deemed by many as the most important.International Coalition for the Responsibility to Protect (ICRtoP) The RESPONSIBILITY TO PROTECT (RtoP or R2P) is a new international security and human rights norm to address the international communitys failure to prevent and stop genocides, war crimes, ethnic cleansing and crimes against humanity.International Commission on Intervention and State Sovereignty. The Responsibility to Protect. Report of the International Commission on Intervention and StateWhat is the Responsibility to Protect? The Responsibility to Protect is a concept whose time has come. For too many millions of victims, it should have come The term Responsibility to Protect (R2P) has dominated debate on humanitarian intervention since the publication in 2001 of the report of the